REAL COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT for the Year Ended September 30, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Real County, Texas P.O. Box 446 Leakey, TX 78873-0446

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Real County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Real County, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Real County, Texas as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Real County, Texas, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Real County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Real County, Texas's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Real County, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the County's Contributions for Pensions, and schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide an assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Real County, Texas's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund Information, other supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and

reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund information, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Ede & Company. LLC

Certified Public Accountants

Uvalde, Texas

February 7, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Real County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total combined Governmental Fund net position was \$21,393,875 at September 30, 2023.
- During the year, the County's income was \$1,418,944 less than the \$4,666,012 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$558,378.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that
 provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's
 overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Management's Basic Required Discussion **Financial** Supplementary Information Statements and Analysis Notes Government-Wide Fund Financial Financia to the Statements

Figure A-1, Required Components of the

County's Annual Financial Report

Summary Detail

Financial

Statements

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the County's assets and liabilities is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving
 or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the County's tax base

Both of these Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health and welfare, public facilities, legal, elections, financial administration, conservation, capital projects, and culture and recreation. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds—not the County as a whole. Funds are groupings of related accounts that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Real County, like other state and local governments, uses funds to show compliance with finance-related legal requirements as well as to control and manage money for other particular purposes. The County has two kinds of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

• Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on short-term inflows and outflows of available resources and the balances of these resources that are available at the end of the year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statements for the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund, and the Grant fund, which are considered to be major funds. Individual fund data for non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, County, and Road & Bridge Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, have been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

• **Fiduciary funds** – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, as listed in the table of contents. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Real County's combined net position was approximately \$21.39 million at September 30, 2023. By far the largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment), less accumulated depreciation and any related long-term liabilities.

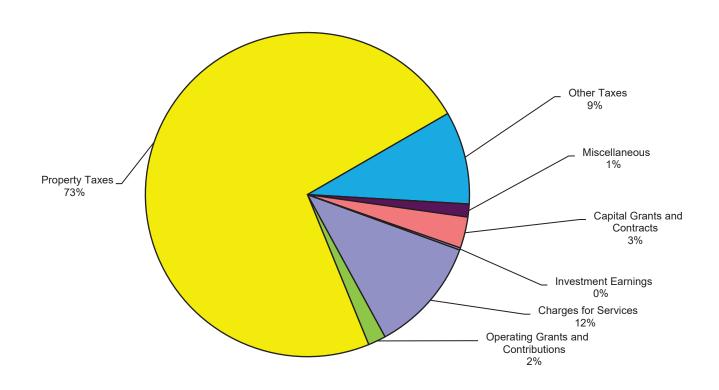
Real County, Texas Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | | | % Change | | | |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023-2022 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Current & Other Assets | \$ 3,863,447 | \$ 4,007,180 | -3.6% | | | |
| Capital Assets | 22,311,548 | 23,536,753 | -5.2% | | | |
| Total Assets | 26,174,995 | 27,543,933 | -5.0% | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflow - Pensions | 459,306 | 335,882 | 36.7% | | | |
| Deferred Outflow - OPEB | 152,980 | 326,573 | -53.2% | | | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | 612,286 | 662,455 | -7.6% | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Current Liablities | 121,545 | 159,143 | -23.6% | | | |
| Long Term Liabilities | 4,360,992 | 3,053,862 | 42.8% | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 4,482,537 | 3,213,005 | 39.5% | | | |
| Deferred intflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflow - Pensions | | 1,051,902 | -100.0% | | | |
| Deferred Introw - Pensions Deferred Introw - OPEB | 910,869 | 1,229,718 | -25.9% | | | |
| Total Deferred Intflows of Resources | 910,869 | 2,281,620 | -60.1% | | | |
| Total Beleffed Illinows of Nessearces | 010,000 | 2,201,020 | 00.170 | | | |
| Net Position | | | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, | | | | | | |
| net of related debt | 22,256,323 | 23,471,162 | -5.2% | | | |
| Restricted | 2,569,089 | 2,247,350 | 14.3% | | | |
| Unrestricted | (3,431,537) | (3,006,749) | 14.1% | | | |
| Total net position | 21,393,875 | 22,711,763 | -5.8% | | | |

A portion of the County's net position 2,569.1 thousand, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance \$(3,431.5) thousand of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors in accordance with the County's fund designation and fiscal policies. The overall financial condition of the county decreases from FY2022 to FY2023.

Governmental Activities – Total revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 were 4.7 million. Approximately 73% of the County's revenue comes from property taxes. The graph below shows the sources of revenues for FY2023. Table A-2 shows the changes in Net Position between FY2022 and FY2023.

2023 Revenue Sources



2023 Expenses

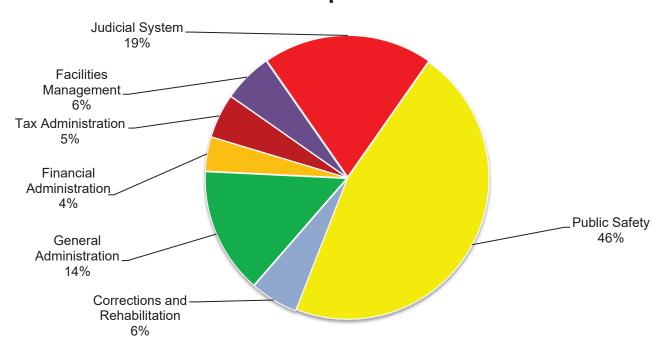


Table A-2 REAL COUNTY TX CHANGE IN NET POSITION

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|----|------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | % Change | |
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2023-2022 | |
| Revenues: | | | | - | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 536,301 | \$ | 469,255 | 14.3% | |
| Operating Grants | | 83,124 | | 124,451 | -33.2% | |
| Capital Grants | | 145,385 | | 728,406 | -80.0% | |
| General Revenue | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | | 3,398,440 | | 2,939,429 | 15.6% | |
| Other Taxes | | 432,309 | | 208,798 | 107.0% | |
| Investment Earnings | | 9,996 | | 3,644 | 174.3% | |
| Other | | 60,457 | | 87,612 | -31.0% | |
| Total Revenue | | 4,666,012 | | 4,561,595 | 2.3% | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General Administration | | 449,866 | | 659,456 | -31.8% | |
| Financial Administration | | 121,698 | | 106,025 | 14.8% | |
| Tax Administration | | 158,073 | | 161,342 | -2.0% | |
| Facilities Management | | 175,978 | | 97,947 | 79.7% | |
| Judicial System | | 606,967 | | 588,166 | 3.2% | |
| Public Safety | | 1,446,144 | | 1,192,035 | 21.3% | |
| Corrections and Rehabilitation | | 170,553 | | 197,731 | -13.7% | |
| Health Care | | 4,929 | | 8,004 | -38.4% | |
| Public Health | | 15,850 | | - | 100.0% | |
| Human Services | | 352,601 | | 286,412 | 23.1% | |
| Community and Economic Dev. | | 89,128 | | 74,829 | 19.1% | |
| Infrastructure and Environmental | | 2,493,169 | | 2,160,037 | 15.4% | |
| Total Expense | | 6,084,956 | | 5,531,984 | 10.0% | |
| In an and (Danners) in Nat Basitian | | (4.440.044) | | (070,000) | 40.00/ | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | | (1,418,944) | | (970,389) | 46.2% | |
| Net Position - Beginning | | 22,812,819 | | 23,682,152 | -3.7% | |
| Net Position - Ending | | 21,393,875 | | 22,711,763 | -5.8% | |

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds:

As of the end of the fiscal year, Real County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,499.5 thousand, a decrease of \$142.2 thousand in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 26.59% of this total amount \$930.4 thousand is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted fund balance of \$2,569.1 thousand, The County's ability to spend each of these types of fund balance is more limited than with the unassigned fund balance, and the limitations on spending are discussed more fully in the notes to the financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights – The County amend the budget during the year. Even with these amendments actual revenues were \$129.1 thousand less than budgeted amounts. Actual expenses were \$272.4 thousand less the amounts budgeted.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2023, the County had invested \$68,002.2 thousand in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, roads, bridges and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a \$608.6 increase (including additions and deductions) from last year.

Table A-4Real County's Capital Assets

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | | % Change | | | | |
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2023-2022 | | |
| Land | \$ | 189,778 | \$ | 189,778 | 0.0% | | |
| Infrastructure | | 64,363,679 | | 64,363,679 | 0.0% | | |
| Building and Improvements | | 1,594,390 | | 1,527,590 | 4.4% | | |
| Machinery & Equipment | | 2,077,761 | | 1,921,152 | 8.2% | | |
| Totals at historical cost | | 68,225,608 | | 68,002,199 | 0.3% | | |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | | (45,914,061) | | (44,465,445) | 3.3% | | |
| Net Capital Assets | \$ | 22,311,547 | \$ | 23,536,754 | -5.2% | | |

Long Term Debt – At the end of the fiscal year, the County only debt was \$18,818 of right to use assets-lease.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The taxable value used for the FY2024 budget preparation is estimated to be up significantly from FY2023.
- \bullet The tax rate established for the FY2024 budget is \$.5300, which is the same as FY2023.
- The 2024 general fund budgeted revenue is \$2,783,449 budgeted disbursement are \$3,066,886.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Real County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County's business office, P.O. Box 69, Leakey, Texas 78873.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Primary | |
|-----------|--|
| Governmen | |

| | Gove | rnment |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | Governmental | |
| | Activities | Total |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 3,498,637 | \$ 3,498,637 |
| Receivable (net of allowances for uncollectible) | 339,655 | 339,655 |
| Prepaid Items | 25,155 | 25,155 |
| Capital Assets | | - |
| Land | 189,778 | 189,778 |
| Infrastructure (Net) | 20,815,183 | 20,815,183 |
| Buildings (Net) | 1,003,418 | 1,003,418 |
| Machinery and Equipment (Net) | 303,169 | 303,169 |
| Total Assets | 26,174,995 | 26,174,995 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred Outflows - Pension | 459,306 | 459,306 |
| Deferred Outflows - OPEB | 152,980 | 152,980 |
| Total Deferred Outflow of Resources | 612,286 | 612,286 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 54,878 | \$ 54,878 |
| Accrued Wages Payable | 61,815 | 61,815 |
| Accrued Payroll Liabilities | - | - |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | |
| Due Within One Year | 4,852 | 4,852 |
| Due in More Than One Year | | |
| Right to Use Liability - Leases | 13,966 | 13,966 |
| Net Pension Liability | 1,994,476 | 1,994,476 |
| Other Post-Employment Benefits | 2,268,599 | 2,268,599 |
| Compensated Absences | 83,951_ | 83,951 |
| Total Liabilities | 4,482,537 | 4,482,537 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred Inflows - Pension | - | - |
| Deferred Inflows - OPEB | 910,869 | 910,869 |
| Total Deferred Inflow of Resources | 910,869 | 910,869 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 22,256,323 | 22,256,323 |
| Restricted for: | | |
| Archives | 120,149 | 120,149 |
| Public Safety | 37,720 | 37,720 |
| Community and Economic Development | 178,993 | 178,993 |
| Public Transportation | 2,232,227 | 2,232,227 |
| Unrestricted | (3,431,537) | (3,431,537) |
| Total Net Position | \$ 21,393,875 | \$ 21,393,875 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | |
|---|----|-----------|------------------|--|------|--------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Functions/Programs | I | Expenses | Ch | s, Fines and narges for Services | Grai | erating nts and ibutions | Gr | Capital ants and tributions |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | | | |
| General Administration | \$ | 449,866 | \$ | 19,925 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Financial Administration | | 121,698 | | - | | - | | - |
| Tax Administration | | 158,073 | | 65,898 | | - | | - |
| Facilities Management | | 175,978 | | - | | - | | - |
| Judicial System | | 606,967 | | 149,094 | | 19,276 | | 9,941 |
| Public Safety | | 1,446,144 | | 65,788 | | - | | 50,396 |
| Corrections and Rehabilitation | | 170,553 | | - | | - | | - |
| Health and Human Services | | | | | | | | |
| Health Care | | 4,929 | | - | | - | | - |
| Public Health | | 15,850 | | - | | - | | - |
| Human Services | | 352,601 | | 10,764 | | 29,424 | | - |
| Community and Economic Development | | 89,128 | | - | | - | | - |
| Infrastructure and Environmental Services | | 2,493,169 | | 224,832 | | 34,424 | | 85,048 |
| Total primary governmental activities | | 6,084,956 | | 536,301 | | 83,124 | | 145,385 |

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Other Taxes

Investment earnings

Special Transfers

Miscellaneous Revenue

Total general revenues, and transfers

Change in net position

Net position—beginning

Net position—ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government

Governmental Activities

| \$ (429,941) |
|-----------------|
| (121,698) |
| (92,175) |
| (175,978) |
| (428,656) |
| (1,329,960) |
| (170,553) |
| |
| (4,929) |
| (15,850) |
| (312,413) |
| (89,128) |
| (2,148,865) |
| (5,320,146) |

| 3,398,440 |
|------------------|
| 432,309 |
| 9,996 |
| - |
| 60,457 |
| 3,901,202 |
| (1,418,944) |
| 22,812,819 |
| \$ 21,393,875 |

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | General Fund | Ro | oad and Bridge Funds | | Grant Fund |
|--|-----------------|----|-------------------------|----|---------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 716,593 | \$ | 2,028,700 | \$ | 372,014 |
| Taxes Receivable | 192,323 | | 82,424 | | - |
| Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit) | (19,232) | | (8,242) | | - |
| Receivables (Net) | 77,889 | | 14,023 | | - |
| Prepaid Items | 25,155 | | - | | _ |
| Due from Other Funds | | | 172,822 | | |
| Total Assets | \$ 992,728 | \$ | 2,289,727 | \$ | 372,014 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 41,079 | \$ | 13,799 | \$ | - |
| Accrued Wages Payable | 47,358 | | 14,457 | | _ |
| Payroll Liabilities | - | | - | | |
| Bank Overdraft | - | | _ | | - |
| Short-Term Line of Credit | - | | - | | |
| Due to Other Funds | 172,822 | | - | | - |
| Due to Other Governments | - | | - | | - |
| Total Liabilities | 261,259 | | 28,256 | _ | |
| DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue- Property Taxes | 173,091 | | 74,182 | _ | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 173,091 | | 74,182 | _ | - |
| FUND BALANCE Restricted For: | | | | | |
| Administration | - | | - | | - |
| Archives | - | | - | | - |
| Construction | - | | - | | - |
| Debt Service | - | | - | | - |
| Judicial | - | | - | | - |
| Public Safety | - | | 2 107 200 | | - |
| Public Transportation | - | | 2,187,289 | | |
| Community and Economic Development | - | | - | | 272.014 |
| Unassigned | 558,378 | | - | | 372,014 |
| Total Fund Balances | 558,378 | | 2,187,289 | | 372,014 |
| Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances | \$ 992,728 | \$ | 2,289,727 | \$ | 372,014 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

| | Nonmajor rnmental Fund | ds | Tota | l Governmental Funds |
|----|---------------------------|----|------|-------------------------|
| | | | | |
| \$ | 381,330 | | \$ | 3,498,637 |
| Ψ | 501,550 | | Ψ | 274,747 |
| | _ | | | (27,474) |
| | 470 | | | 92,382 |
| | 4/0 | | | 25,155 |
| | - | | | |
| | - | - | | 172,822 |
| \$ | 381,800 | : | \$ | 4,036,269 |
| | | | | |
| \$ | _ | | \$ | 54,878 |
| | _ | | | 61,815 |
| | | | | _ |
| | _ | | | _ |
| | | | | _ |
| | _ | | | 172,822 |
| | _ | | | - |
| | | • | | |
| | - | - | | 289,515 |
| | | | | |
| | - | _ | | 247,273 |
| | _ | | | 247,273 |
| | | - | | 217,273 |
| | | | | |
| | 120,149 | | | 120,149 |
| | 120,149 | | | 120,149 |
| | - | | | - |
| | - | | | - |
| | 27 720 | | | 27.720 |
| | 37,720 | | | 37,720 |
| | 44,938 | | | 2,232,227 |
| | 178,993 | | | 178,993 |
| | - 201.000 | - | | 930,392 |
| | 381,800 | - | | 3,499,481 |
| \$ | 381,800 | _ | \$ | 4,036,269 |

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REAL COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ 3,499,481 |
|---|------------------|
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$68,002,199 and accumulate depreciation was \$44,465,445. In addition, long-term liabilities including compensated absences, and right to use lease liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The long-term debt was \$61,450. The net effect of including the beginning balances for the capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position. | 23,475,304 |
| Current year capital outlays and changes in long-term liabilities including and compensated absences debt payaments are expended in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and changes in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2023 capital outlays and changes in compensated absences is to increase net position. | 182,090 |
| Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the County's net pension liability required by GASB 68. At the beginning of the year, the net position related to GASB68 was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$335,882, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of \$1,051,902 and a net pension liability in the amount of \$771,535. The impact of this on Net Position is (1,487,555). Changes from the current year reporting of the plan resulted in a decrease in net position in the amount of (\$47,615). The combination of the beginning of the year amounts and the changes during the year resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position in the amount of (\$1,535,170). | (1,535,170) |
| The County recognizes a net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. At the beginning of the year, the net position related to GASB 75 was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$326,573, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of \$1,229,718 and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,227,102. The impact of this on Net Position is (3,130,247). Changes from the current year reporting of the plan resulted in a increase in net position in the amount of \$103,759. The combination of the beginning of the year amounts and the changes during the year resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position in the amount of (\$3,026,488). | (3,026,488) |
| The 2023 depreciation expense increased accumulate Depreciation. The net effect on the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. | (1,448,615) |
| Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position. | 247,273 |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 21,393,875 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | General Fund | Ro | oad and Bridge Funds | Grant Fund |
|--|-----------------|----|-------------------------|---------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 2,425,360 | \$ | 1,039,440 | \$ - |
| Sales | 238,183 | | - | - |
| Intergovernmental | 48,700 | | 25,200 | - |
| Licenses & Permits | 21,757 | | 224,832 | - |
| Charges for services | 196,220 | | - | - |
| Fines & Forfeitures | 64,853 | | - | - |
| Interest | 9,996 | | - | - |
| Grant Revenue | - | | - | 145,385 |
| Miscellaneous | 60,457 | | | |
| Total Revenue | 3,065,526 | | 1,289,472 | 145,385 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General Government | | | | |
| General Administration | 535,989 | | - | 500 |
| Financial Administration | 117,109 | | - | |
| Tax Administration | 206,587 | | - | - |
| Facilities Management | 164,548 | | - | |
| Judicial System | 643,153 | | - | 613 |
| Public Safety | 1,137,560 | | - | 261,152 |
| Corrections and Rehabilitation | 170,553 | | - | - |
| Health and Human Services | | | | |
| Health Care | 4,929 | | - | |
| Public Health | - | | - | 15,850 |
| Human Services | 331,004 | | - | - |
| Community and Economic Development | 71,362 | | - | - |
| Infrastructure and Environmental Services | | | 1,167,128 | 13,945 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,382,794 | | 1,167,128 | 292,060 |
| Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures | (317,268) | | 122,344 | (146,675) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Lease Proceeds | - | | - | - |
| Operating Transfers In | - | | - | _ |
| Operating Transfers Out | - | | - | _ |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | - | | - | _ |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (317,268) | | 122,344 | (146,675) |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 875,646 | | 2,064,945 | 518,689 |
| Prior Period Adjustment | | | | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 558,378 | \$ | 2,187,289 | \$ 372,014 |
| | | | | |

| Nonmajor | Total Governmental |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| Governmental Funds | Funds |
| | |
| | |
| \$ - | \$ 3,464,800 |
| 194,126 | 432,309 |
| 9,224 | 83,124 |
| - | 246,589 |
| 300 | 196,520 |
| 28,339 | 93,192 |
| - | 9,996 |
| - | 145,385 |
| - | 60,457 |
| 231,989 | 4,732,372 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 8,486 | 544,975 |
| - | 117,109 |
| - | 206,587 |
| - | 164,548 |
| - | 643,766 |
| 8,974 | 1,407,686 |
| - | 170,553 |
| | 4.020 |
| - | 4,929 |
| - | 15,850 |
| 15 122 | 331,004 |
| 15,133 | 86,495 |
| 22.502 | 1,181,073 |
| 32,593 | 4,874,575 |
| 199,396 | (142,203) |
| | |
| - | - |
| - | - |
| | |
| | |
| 199,396 | (142,203) |
| 182,404 | 3,641,684 |
| - | - |
| \$ 381,800 | \$ 3,499,481 |
| . , , , , , , , , | |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds | \$ (142,203) |
|--|-------------------|
| Current year capital outlays and changes in long-term liabilities including compensated absences are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and changes in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2023 capital outlays and changes in long-term debt is to decrease net position. | 182,090 |
| Current year changes due to GASB 68 required debits to expenses in the amount of (\$47,615) resulting in a decrease in net position. | (47,615) |
| Current year changes due to GASB 75 required credits to expenses in the amount of \$103,759 resulting in a decrease in net position. | 103,759 |
| Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect on the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. | (1,448,615) |
| Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position. | (66,360) |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ (1,418,944) |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Agency Funds |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS: | |
| Cash & Cash Equivalents | \$ 219,657 |
| Total Assets | 219,657 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Restricted for Other Purposes | 219,657 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 219,657 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Total Custodial | |
|---|--------------------|--|
| | Funds | |
| ADDITIONS: | | |
| Collections From Other Governments and Others | \$ 4,273,593 | |
| Total Additions | 4,273,593 | |
| DEDUCTIONS: | | |
| Ditributions To Other Governemts and Others | 4,303,355 | |
| Total Deductions | 4,303,355 | |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Positions | (29,762) | |
| Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning) | 249,420 | |
| Prior Period Adjustment | - | |
| Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 219,658 | |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and V.A.C.S. Real County (the County) operates under a county judge/commissioners court type of government as provided by state statute. The financial and reporting policies of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which includes all statements and interpretations of the National Council on Governmental Accounting unless modified by the GASB, and those principles prescribed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units*.

A. Reporting Entity

The County receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", since County Commissioners and the County Judge are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. There are no separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. There are no separate organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause Real County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The County provides the following services to its citizens: public safety (law enforcement and detention, fire and ambulance), public transportation (roads and bridges), health and welfare (pauper care, health clinic facilities, meals for the elderly and indigent health care), culture and recreation facilities, conservation, public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administrative services.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Real County nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental Activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds also utilize the accrual basis of accounting; however, the economic resources measurement focus is not applicable to agency funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual – that is, when they become both *measurable* and *available*. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days after year-end to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable and available until cash is received by the government. Investment earnings are recorded on the accrual basis in all funds.

Intergovernmental revenues are recorded on a basis applicable to the legal and contractual requirements of the individual grant programs. If funds must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the county, revenues are recognized as the expenditures or expenses recorded. If funds are virtually unrestricted and irrevocable, except for failure to comply with required compliance requirements, revenues are recognized when received or susceptible to accrual. Federal and State grants awarded on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. All other federal reimbursable-type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.

<u>Road & Bridge Fund</u> – The Road & Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for and reports the financial resources received from a designated part of the annual property tax levy and auto registration fees and traffic fines, which are used for operating and maintaining County owned roads and bridges.

Grant Funds – The Grant Fund is used to account for the grant projects of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The County uses these funds to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Fiduciary Funds:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – The County accounts for and reports resources held for others in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. As such, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. Custodial funds are used to account bond money received and held for others as a result of action in the County or District Courts, and to account for monies received and held in trust for other individuals or entities as a result of action in County and District Courts.

D. Assets, liabilities, and fund balance or Net Position

1. *Deposits and investments*

The County considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the County are recorded at fair value for all funds.

2. Receivables and payables

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. *Inventories and prepaid Items*

Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The County depreciates capital assets using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Buildings | 50 |
| Improvements (Other than Buildings) | 20 |
| System Infrastructure | 30 |
| Vehicles and Road Equipment | 5 |
| Office Equipment | 5 |
| Computer Equipment | 5 |

5. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. Deferred outflows, found on the government-wide statement of net position, consist of outflows related to pensions. Deferred outflows related to pensions consist of amounts paid into the retirement system after the prescribed measurement date plus the net difference between projected and actual earnings.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows, found on the government-wide statement of net position, consist of deferred inflows related to pensions. On the governmental funds balance sheet, deferred inflows consist of deferred property tax revenue. All amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. Vacation pay is accrued in the government-wide financial statements. Comp time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

6. Pensions

Pensions For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from the County's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Information regarding the County's Total Pension Liability is obtained from TCDRS through a report prepared for the County by TCDRS consulting actuary, Milliman, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27

7. Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The County has a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans (Plans). For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability of each OPEB plan, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each OPEB plan, and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for the Plans.

8. Net Position/Fund Balance (nonspendable, restricted, committed, etc.)

For the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position represents assets that have externally imposed restrictions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Assets may also be restricted as imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, certificates of obligation, and other debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed (ie. committed resources second, assigned resources third, and lastly, unassigned resources).

Governmental funds are reported in the following classifications:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or they are required, legally or contractually, to be maintained intact. This classification includes items such as inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for resale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted</u> – As in the government-wide financial statements, these amounts represent assets that have externally imposed restrictions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Assets may also be restricted as imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The County's highest level of decision-making authority resides with the Commissioners' Court and the formal action taken must be in the form of a Commissioners' Court order. The constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be restricted or committed. Such intent should be expressed by the Commissioners' Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal action. The Commissioners' Court has not delegated this responsibility to anyone.

NOTE 2: <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

Budgetary information

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these basic financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Treasure, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the succeeding year and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners' Court.
- 2. Commissioners' Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
- 3. Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 4. Commissioners' Court formally adopts the budget in an open court meeting. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, and the Road and Bridge Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriation balances lapse at year end and revert to the respective funds from which they were originally appropriated, thus becoming available for future appropriation.
 - Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for each legally adopted annual operating budget. Amendments to the 2023 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law. The reported budgetary data has been revised for amendments legally authorized during the year.
- 6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by commissioners in accordance with article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes. Management does not amend the budget above the departmental level without approval by the Commissioners' Court. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

NOTE 3 PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Legislation was passed in 1979 and amended in 1981 by the Texas Legislature which affects the methods of property assessment and tax collection in the County. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of county-wide appraisal districts and for the State Property Tax Board which commenced operation in January, 1980.

As of October 1, 1981, the appraisal of property within the County was the responsibility of the county-wide appraisal district. The Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the Appraisal District on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. Beginning January 1, 1984, the value of property within the Appraisal District must be reappraised every three years. The County may challenge appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County continues to set tax rates on County property.

However, if the effective tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations and adjustments for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, qualified voters of the County may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8% above the effective tax rate of the previous year. The Appraisal District is governed by a Board of Directors elected by the governing bodies of the taxing entities within the District. The Board of Directors appoints a Chief Appraiser to act as Chief Administrator of the Appraisal District and an Appraisal Review Board to equalize appraised values.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Although the County makes little effort to collect delinquent taxes through foreclosure proceedings, delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title on property.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Property tax revenues are considered measurable at the time of levy and are recognized as deferred revenue and taxes receivable, net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes, at that time. Property tax revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days subsequent to year end.

NOTE 4: <u>DEPOSITS, SECURITIES, AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$3,718,294 and the bank balance was \$3,923,602.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS, SECURITIES, AND INVESTMENTS, continued

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County had the following investments at September 30, 2023:

None

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding types of deposits allowed and collateral requirements is to deposit funds in FDIC insurance banks which have sufficient pledged collateral. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2023 was covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

NOTE 5: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

| | Due From Other Funds | Due To Other Funds | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| General Fund: Road & Bridge Fund | \$ - | \$ 172,822 | | |
| Total General Fund Road & Bridge Fund | - | 172,822 | | |
| General Fund Total Road & Bridge Fund | 172,822 172,822 | | | |
| TOTAL | \$ 172,822 | \$ 172,822 | | |

These amounts represent temporary interfund borrowing. The County had not cleared all interfund receivables and payables at the end of the year. All amounts are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|---|---------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balances |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 189,778 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 189,778 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 189,778 | | - | 189,778 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 64,363,679 | - | - | 64,363,679 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 1,527,590 | 66,800 | | 1,594,390 |
| Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles | 1,921,152 | 156,609 | - | 2,077,761 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 67,812,421 | 223,409 | - | 68,035,830 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 42,263,527 | 1,284,969 | - | 43,548,496 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 558,305 | 32,668 | - | 590,973 |
| Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles | 1,643,615 | 130,978 | | 1,774,593 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 44,465,447 | 1,448,615 | - | 45,914,062 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 23,346,974 | (1,225,206) | | 22,121,768 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 23,536,752 | \$ (1,225,206) | \$ - | \$ 22,311,546 |

NOTE 6: <u>CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY</u>, continued

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| General Adminstration | \$ 6,421 |
|--|-----------------|
| Financial Adminstration | 1,880 |
| Facilities Management | 11,430 |
| Judicial System | 9,216 |
| Public Safety | 77,718 |
| Human Services | 18,463 |
| Tax Administration | 1,076 |
| Community and Economic Development | 2,480 |
| Infrastrucure and Environmental Services | 1,319,931 |
| | \$ 1,448,615 |

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

| | | | | | | | Aı | nounts |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------|-----------------|------|----------|-----------------|-----|---------|
| | E | Beginning | | | | Ending | Due | Within |
| | | Balance | Increases | D | ecreases | Balance | Or | ne Year |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | |
| Right to Use Lease Liability | \$ | 25,043 | \$ - | \$ | 6,225 | \$ 18,818 | \$ | 4,852 |
| Compensated Absences | | 36,407 | 83,951 | | 36,407 | 83,951 | | - |
| OPEB Liability | | 2,227,102 | 910,869 | 2 | ,227,102 | 910,869 | | |
| Pension Liablity | | 771,535 | 1,994,476 | | 771,535 | 1,994,476 | | |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 3,060,087 | \$ 2,989,296 | \$ 3 | ,041,269 | \$ 3,008,114 | \$ | 4,852 |

Right to Uses Lease Liability

The County has entered into various leases as a lessee. These leases vary in nature, substance, terms, and conditions dependent upon the asset being leased. Examples of assets leased include copiers. Beginning FY 2022, leases are presented in the financial statements and accompanying footnotes in accordance with GASB 87. GASB 87 requires leases to be categorized as either short-term (12 months or less in length, including renewal options) or long-term. In determining future minimum lease payments and receipts, the County includes the right to extend option terms in the noncancelable lease term. Short-term lease transactions are reflected in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM DEBT, continued

Future principal and interest payments due to maturity as of the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

| | | | | | | Total |
|-----------------------|----|----------|----|---------|---|--------------|
| Year Ending August 31 | P | rincipal | Ir | nterest | _ | Requirements |
| 2024 | | 6,414 | | 477 | _ | 6,891 |
| 2025 | | 6,609 | | 282 | | 6,891 |
| 2026 | | 5,795 | | 87 | _ | 5,882 |
| Totals | \$ | 18,819 | \$ | 846 | | \$ 19,664 |

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County's risk management program includes coverage for property, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, public officials' liability and employee dishonesty bonds. The County carries commercial insurance.

NOTE 9: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Accumulated unpaid annual leave is not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but is reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. At September 30th, accrued employee benefits recorded on the Statement of Net Position were as follows: Annual leave pay - \$83,951. All unpaid employee leave is due to active employees. Any unpaid leave due to an employee who is terminated is paid immediately upon the termination. The liability has typically been liquidated primarily in the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund.

NOTE 10: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

A. Plan Description:

The County of Real Post-retirement Healthcare Benefits Program is a single- employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the office of the County Treasurer. The Post-retirement Healthcare Benefits Program was initiated in 2009 by action of the Commissioners Court.

B. Benefits Provided

The Post-retirement Healthcare Benefits Program provides medical benefits to eligible retirees. Dependent spouses who are eligible for Medicare may enroll but must pay 100% of the applicable premium. For employees who retire prior to age 65, they may continue medical coverage by paying the full premium applicable to the health benefits plan for active employees (this includes coverage for spouses). Medicare eligible retirees are covered by an County Silver Choice Medicare Supplemental policies (medical and prescription drugs). Retiring employees must meet one of the following criteria to be eligible for the County provided retiree health benefit: (i) be age 60 with at least 8 years of service, or (ii) any age with at least 30 years of service, or (iii) meet the Rule of 75 (age plus service equals 75 or more). Employees who retire prior to age 65 must continue coverage under the Blue Cross/Blue Shield plan for active employees (and pay the full premium rate for active employees) until age 65 in order to receive the County provided retiree coverage provided under the County Choice Medicare Supplemental policies.

NOTE 10: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS, continued

At the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Real County plan:

75.8

75.8

Individual Entry Age Normal with Normal Cost as a level

| Membership Information | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------|
| Members | October 1,2022 | October 1,2023 |
| Number of active employees: | 31 | 32 |
| Average age: | 49.4 | 47.4 |
| Average length of service in years: | 6.8 | 5.4 |
| | | |
| | | |
| Inactive Employees (or their Beneficiarie | es) Receiving Benefits | |
| Number of benefit recipients: | 12 | 14 |
| | | |

C. Accounting Policy

Average age:

An irrevocable trust has not been established that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Therefore, the plan is not accounted for as a trust fund. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

D. Funding Policies

The County currently funds the benefits provided through the Program on a pay-as-you-go basis. Since the County does not prefund future benefits to be provided under the Program, there are no accumulated plan assets. The County pays for 100% of the cost of Medicare Supplement for Medicare eligible retirees. The County subsidizes the cost of continued coverage for pre-65 retirees for those who elect coverage and pay the active employee premium rate. During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, the County paid \$66,796 in premiums for the current retiree's receiving benefits under the Program.

E. Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Cost Method

Significant methods and assumptions used in the September 30, 2023, actuarial valuation are as follows:

| Actuarias Cost Method | percentage of pay | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Inflation | 3.0% | | |
| Discount Rate | 4.87% | | |
| Expenses | Included in per capita premium amounts | | |
| Demographic Assumptions | 100% of eligible retiring participants retiring at age 65 or later will elect these benefits. | | |
| Healthcare Trend Rates | Pre-Medicare 5.00% to 7.50% | | |
| | Post-Medicare 5.00% | | |
| Election Rates | Normal Retirement: 100% | | |
| | Age 64-60 90% Participant 75% Spouse | | |
| | Age 59-50 75% Participant 50% Spouse | | |

NOTE 10: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS- continued

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and contributions of the County's retiree health care plan are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

F. Total OPEB Liability

The total OPEB liability of \$2,268,599 was measured as of September 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023.

| | | Total OPEB Liability |
|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Balances as of September 30, 2022 | \$ | 2,227,102 |
| Changes for the year: | | |
| Service cost | | 136,004 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | | 104,695 |
| Experience | | (102,247) |
| Employer contributions | | - |
| Member contributions | | - |
| Benefit payments | | (64,486) |
| Administrative expenses | | - |
| Assumption Changes | | (32,469) |
| Changes in Benefit Terms | _ | |
| Net Change | _ | 41,497 |
| Balances as of September 30, 2021 | \$ | 2,268,599 |

G. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEBs:

As of September 30, 2023, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

| | Deferred Inflows | | Defen | red Outflows |
|--|------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|
| | of | of Resources | | Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 256,612 | \$ | - |
| Changes in assumptions | | 654,257 | | 98,100 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | - | | - |
| Contributions made subsequent to measurement date | | N/A | | 54,880 |
| Total | \$ | 910,869 | \$ | 152,980 |
| | | | | |

NOTE 10: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS - continued

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.87%) in measuring the 2023 Net OPEB Liability.

| | 1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.87%) | Discount Rate (4.87%) | 1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.87%) |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Real County's net OPEB liability: | \$2,630,228 | \$2,268,599 | \$1,981,133 |

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as shat the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

| | 1% Decrease | Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate | 1% Increase |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Real County's net OPEB liability: | \$1,956,599 | \$2,268,599 | \$2,664,950 |

NOTE 11: PENSION PLAN

Real County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional agent multiemployer defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The TCDRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiemployer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 830 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report on a calendar year basis, which is available online at www.tcdrs.org or upon written request from the Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioners of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS ("TCDRS Act"). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more, or if they become disabled. Members are vested after combined 10 years of employment with any organization(s) with an accredited plan (not just the County) but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by Commissioners Court, within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to

contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. The County's current match is 250%

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

Average monthly benefit:

At the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Real County plan:

| Membership Information | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| Members | Dec.31,2021 | Dec.31,2022 |
| Number of inactive employees entitled | | |
| to but not yet receiving benefits: | 55 | 59 |
| Number of active employees: | 40 | 43 |
| Average monthly salary*: | \$ 2,339 | \$ 2,370 |
| Average age*: | 50.65 | 51.08 |
| Average length of service in years*: | 8.45 | 8.45 |
| Inactive Employees (or their Beneficiaries) Receiv | ving Benefits | |
| Number of benefit recipients: | 46 | 44 |

^{*}Averages reported for all active and inactive employees.

Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (variable-rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 21.74% for the months of the accounting year in 2022, and 21.03% for the months of the accounting year in 2023. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2022 and 2023 is the rate of 7.0% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

\$1.134

\$1,221

Actuarial assumptions:

For the County's fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, the net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

TCDRS system-wide economic assumptions:

| Real rate of return | 5.0% per year |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Inflation | 2.50% per year |

Long-term investment return 7.5%

Employer-specific economic assumptions:

Growth in membership 0.00% Payroll growth for funding calculations 2.25%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2023 information for a 10 year time horizon and are re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2021 and reviewed annually for continued compliance with relevant standards of practice. The following target asset allocation was adopted by the TCDRS board in March 2023

| Asset Class | Benchmark | Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾ | Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾ |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| U.S. Equities | Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index | 11.50% | 4.95% |
| Global Equities | MSCI World (net) Index | 2.50% | 4.95% |
| Int'l Equities - Developed Markets | MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index | 5.00% | 4.95% |
| Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets | MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index | 6.00% | 4.95% |
| Investment-Grade Bonds | Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index | 3.00% | 2.40% |
| Strategic Credit | FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index | 9.00% | 3.39% |
| Direct Lending | S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index | 16.00% | 6.95% |
| Distressed Debt | Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index(3) | 4.00% | 7.60% |
| REIT Equities | 67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index | 2.00% | 4.15% |
| Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) | Alerian MLP Index | 2.00% | 5.30% |
| Private Real Estate Partnerships | Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index(4) | 6.00% | 5.70% |
| Private Equity | Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity Venture Capital Index(5) | 25.00% | 7.95% |
| Hedge Funds | Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds | 6.00% | 2.90% |
| Cash Equivalents | 90-Day U.S. Treasury | 2.00% | 0.20% |

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2031 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric Real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.30%, per Cliffwater's 2032 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Increase (Decrease)

Discount rate (1)

Long-term expected rate of return, net of investment expense (1)

Municipal bond rate (2)

7.60%

7.60%

Does not apply

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

| | | 1 | increase (Decrease) | |
|--|----|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | Total Pension | Fiduciary | Net Pension |
| | | Liability | Net Position | Liability/(Asset) |
| | _ | (a) | (b) | (a) - (b) |
| Balances as of December 31, 2022 | \$ | 9,426,105 \$ | 8,654,570 \$ | 771,535 |
| Changes for the year: | | | | |
| Service cost | | 204,634 | - | 204,634 |
| Interest on total pension liability | | 708,590 | - | 708,590 |
| Effect of plan changes | | - | - | - |
| Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses | S | 152,971 | - | 152,971 |
| Effect of assumptions changes or inputs | | - | - | - |
| Refund of Contributions | | (6,552) | (6,552) | - |
| Benefit payments | | (619,272) | (619,272) | - |
| Administrative expenses | | | (4,613) | 4,613 |
| Member contributions | | | 88,181 | (88,181) |
| Net investment income | | | (484,896) | 484,896 |
| Employer contributions | | | 274,411 | (274,411) |
| Other | | <u> </u> | (29,828) | 29,828 |
| Balances as of December 31, 2023 | \$ | 9,866,476 \$ | 7,872,001 \$ | 1,994,475 |

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

| | 1% | | Current | 1% |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----|-------------|-----------------|
| | Decrease | Di | scount Rate | Increase |
| | 6.60% | | 7.60% | 8.60% |
| Total pension liability | \$ 11,020,719 | \$ | 9,866,476 | \$ 8,893,847 |
| Fiduciary net position | 7,872,001 | | 7,872,001 | 7,872,001 |
| Net pension liability/(Asset) | \$ 3,148,718 | \$ | 1,994,475 | \$ 1,021,846 |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www/tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the current year, the County recognized pension expense of \$425,244

As of December 31, 2022, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

| | Defei | red Inflows | Deter | red Outflows |
|--|-------|-------------|-------|--------------|
| | of I | Resources | of l | Resources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 101,981 |
| Changes in assumptions | | - | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | - | | 118,182 |
| Contributions made subsequent to measurement date | | N/A | | 239,143 |
| Total | \$ | - | \$ | 459,306 |

Amounts currently reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| 2023 | (63,713) |
|------------|----------|
| 2024 | 38,372 |
| 2025 | 19,197 |
| 2026 | 226,307 |
| 2027 | 0 |
| Thereafter | 0 |

NOTE 12: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13: <u>UNFAVORABLE BUDGET VARIANCE</u>

The County had unfavorable budget variances as follows

General Fund:

General Administration (16,885)

Health Care (4,929)

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Budgeted | Amounts | Ac | ctual Amounts | ariance With inal Budget |
|--|-----------------|--------------|----|---------------|-----------------------------|
| | Original | Final | | GAAP Basis | tive (Negative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 2,615,000 | \$ 2,615,000 | \$ | 2,425,360 | \$ (189,640 |
| Sales | 201,000 | 201,000 | | 238,183 | 37,183 |
| Intergovernmental | 74,500 | 74,500 | | 48,700 | (25,800 |
| Licenses & Permits | 12,500 | 12,500 | | 21,757 | |
| Charges for services | 169,277 | 169,277 | | 196,220 | 26,943 |
| Fines & Forfeitures | 80,600 | 80,600 | | 64,853 | (15,747 |
| Interest | 10,000 | 10,000 | | 9,996 | (4 |
| Grant Funds | _ | , _ | | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 22,500 | 22,500 | | 60,457 | 37,957 |
| Total Revenue | 3,185,377 | 3,185,377 | | 3,065,526 | (129,108 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | |
| General Administration | 519,104 | 519,104 | | 535,989 | (16,885) |
| Financial Administration | 120,715 | 120,715 | | 117,109 | 3,606 |
| Tax Administration | 218,667 | 218,667 | | 206,587 | 12,080 |
| Facilities Management | 189,000 | 189,000 | | 164,548 | 24,452 |
| Judicial System | 697,897 | 697,897 | | 643,153 | 54,744 |
| Public Safety | 1,114,817 | 1,208,992 | | 1,137,560 | 71,432 |
| Corrections and Rehabilitation | 201,500 | 201,500 | | 170,553 | 30,947 |
| Health and Human Services | | | | | |
| Health Care | - | _ | | 4,929 | (4,929 |
| Public Health | - | - | | - | - |
| Human Services | 413,152 | 413,152 | | 331,004 | 82,148 |
| Community and Economic Development | 86,225 | 86,225 | | 71,362 | 14,863 |
| Total Expenditures | 3,561,076 | 3,655,251 | | 3,382,794 | 272,457 |
| Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures | (375,699) | (469,874) | | (317,268) | 143,349 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Lease Proceeds | - | - | | - | - |
| Operating Transfers In | - | _ | | - | - |
| Operating Transfers Out | - | _ | | - | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | - | - | | - | - |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (375,699) | (469,874) | | (317,268) | 143,349 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 875,646 | 875,646 | | 875,646 | - |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 499,947 | \$ 405,772 | \$ | 558,378 | \$ 143,349 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD & BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | Budgeted | Amoui | nts | Ac | tual Amounts | | riance With |
|--|-----------------|-------|-----------|----|--------------|-------|----------------|
| | Original | | Final | (| GAAP Basis | Posit | ive (Negative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 900,000 | \$ | 900,000 | \$ | 1,039,440 | \$ | 139,440 |
| Intergovermental | 25,200 | | 25,200 | | 25,200 | | - |
| Licenses & Permits | 240,000 | | 240,000 | | 224,832 | | (15,168) |
| Charges for services | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Miscellaneous | 6,500 | | 6,500 | | - | | (6,500) |
| Total Revenue | 1,171,700 | | 1,171,700 | | 1,289,472 | | 117,772 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure and Environmental Services | 1,201,221 | | 1,201,221 | | 1,167,128 | | 34,093 |
| Total Expenditures | 1,201,221 | | 1,201,221 | | 1,167,128 | | 34,093 |
| Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures | (29,521) | | (29,521) | | 122,344 | | 151,865 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | |
| Operating Transfers In | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Operating Transfers Out | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | - | | - |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | (29,521) | | (29,521) | | 122,344 | | 151,865 |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 1,786,340 | | 1,786,340 | | 2,064,945 | | 278,605 |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 1,756,818 | \$ | 1,756,819 | \$ | 2,187,289 | \$ | 430,470 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | | | | | Year Ended December 31 | ıber 31 | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| | ı | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Total Pension Liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 204,634 \$ | \$ 996,061 | 191,854 \$ | 162,103 \$ | 164,864 \$ | 178,476 \$ | 188,671 \$ | 147,764 \$ | 169,590 \$ | N/A |
| Interest on total pension liability | | 708,590 | 675,262 | 656,118 | 623,508 | 596,304 | 996,625 | 544,330 | 516,874 | 488,515 | N/A |
| Effect of plan changes | | , | • | (30,539) | , | • | , | , | (16,676) | | N/A |
| Effect of assumption changes or input | | , | (98,511) | 452,768 | , | • | 5,006 | , | 87,058 | • | N/A |
| Effect of economic gains or losses | | 152,971 | 266,323 | 54,885 | 68,721 | 43,974 | (96,815) | 38,603 | 2,991 | (22,409) | N/A |
| Benefit payments/refund of contributions | I | (625,824) | (593,135) | (487,034) | (476,165) | (457,252) | (445,600) | (390,730) | (378,714) | (242,717) | N/A |
| Net change in total nension liability | | 440.371 | 440.905 | 838.052 | 378.167 | 347,890 | 221.033 | 380.874 | 359,297 | 392,979 | A/N |
| Total pension liability, beginning | | 9.426,105 | 8,985,199 | 8.147,146 | 7.768,979 | 7.421,089 | 7.200,057 | 6.819.183 | 6,459,886 | 6.066,906 | N/A |
| Total pension liability, ending | ∽ | 9,866,476 \$ | 9,426,104 \$ | 8,985,198 \$ | 8,147,146 \$ | 7,768,979 \$ | 7,421,090 \$ | 7,200,057 \$ | 6,819,183 \$ | 6,459,885 \$ | N/A |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer contributions | S | 274,411 \$ | 239,499 \$ | 236,966 \$ | 207,301 \$ | 194,657 \$ | 173,904 \$ | 167,601 \$ | 146,928 \$ | 150,495 \$ | N/A |
| Member contributions | | 88,181 | 81,423 | 80,562 | 79,908 | 77,730 | 74,728 | 74,066 | 69,213 | 70,845 | N/A |
| Investment income net of investment expenses | | (484,896) | 1,583,867 | 704,983 | 991,393 | (120,378) | 832,121 | 403,684 | (30,264) | 379,791 | N/A |
| Benefit payments/refunds of contributions | | (625,824) | (593,135) | (487,034) | (476,165) | (457,252) | (445,600) | (390,730) | (378,714) | (242,717) | N/A |
| Administrative expenses | | (4,613) | (4,682) | (5,381) | (5,203) | (4,848) | (4,223) | (4,381) | (3,984) | (4,208) | N/A |
| Other | ı | (29,828) | (5,687) | (4,339) | (5,518) | (4,871) | (2,680) | 24,343 | 21,119 | (22,455) | N/A |
| Net change in fiduciary net position | | (782.569) | 1.301.285 | 525.757 | 791.716 | (314.962) | 628.250 | 274.583 | (175.702) | 331.751 | Υ/X |
| Fiduciary net position, beginning | | 8,654,570 | 7,353,285 | 6,827,527 | 6,035,812 | 6,350,774 | 5,722,524 | 5,447,941 | 5,623,643 | 5,291,892 | N/A |
| Fiduciary net position, ending | ∽ | 7,872,001 \$ | 8,654,570 \$ | 7,353,284 \$ | 6,827,528 \$ | 6,035,812 \$ | 6,350,774 \$ | 5,722,524 \$ | 5,447,941 \$ | 5,623,643 \$ | N/A |
| Net pension liability/asset | ∻ | 1,994,475 \$ | 771,534 \$ | 1,631,914 \$ | 1,319,618 \$ | 1,733,167 \$ | 1,070,316 \$ | 1,477,533 \$ | 1,371,242 \$ | 836,242 \$ | N/A |
| Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability | | %61.61 | 91.81% | 81.84% | 83.80% | %69'./_ | 85.58% | 79.48% | %68.62 | 87.05% | N/A |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pension covered payroll | € | 1,259,729 \$ | 1,163,190 \$ | 1,150,883 \$ | 1,141,538 \$ | 1,110,424 \$ | 1,067,548 \$ | 1,058,088 \$ | \$ 868,186 | 1,012,072 \$ | N/A |
| Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll | | 158.33% | 66.33% | 141.80% | 115.60% | 156.08% | 100.26% | 139.64% | 139.65% | 82.63% | N/A |

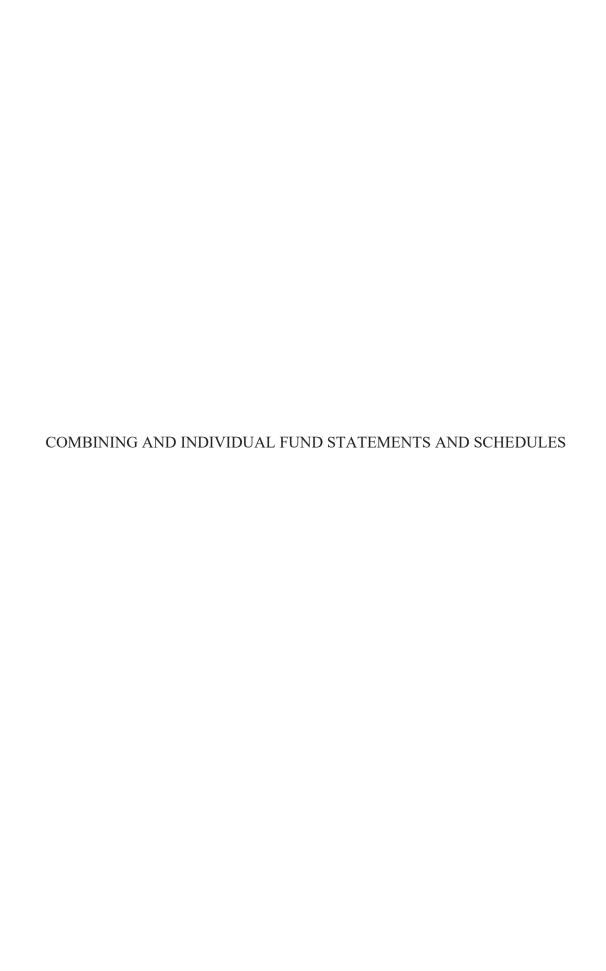
REAL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| Year | Actuaruially | Actual | Contribution | Pension | Actual Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Ending | Determined | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of Covered |
| December 31 | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll (1) | Payroll |
| 2013 | \$ 142,179 | \$ 142,179 | \$ - | \$ 1,027,306 | 13.8% |
| 2014 | 150,495 | 150,495 | - | 1,012,072 | 14.9% |
| 2015 | 145,910 | 146,928 | (1,018) | 981,898 | 15.0% |
| 2016 | 167,601 | 167,601 | - | 1,058,088 | 15.8% |
| 2017 | 173,904 | 173,904 | - | 1,067,548 | 16.3% |
| 2018 | 194,657 | 194,657 | - | 1,110,424 | 17.5% |
| 2019 | 207,301 | 207,301 | - | 1,141,538 | 18.2% |
| 2020 | 236,966 | 236,966 | - | 1,150,883 | 20.6% |
| 2021 | 225,659 | 239,499 | (13,840) | 1,163,190 | 20.6% |
| 2022 | 273,865 | 274,411 | (546) | 1,259,729 | 21.8% |

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculate based on contributions as reported to TCDRS

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | | | | | Yea | Year Ended December 31 | .31 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-----------|------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | S | 136,004 \$ | 236,904 \$ | 250,185 \$ | 169,600 \$ | 98,727 \$ | 97,413 \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A | S | N/A |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | | 104,695 | 72,236 | 66,148 | 87,812 | 101,782 | 102,560 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |
| Experience | | (102,247) | (80,371) | (220,544) | (254,429) | (531,743) | (184,609) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |
| Benefit payments/refunds of contributions | | (64,486) | (63,371) | (59,602) | (55,252) | (51,123) | (43,165) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |
| Aussumption changes | • | (32,469) | (942,659) | (152,664) | 692,636 | 179,774 | 11,460 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | ١ | N/A |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 41,497 | (777,261) | (116,477) | 640,367 | (202,583) | (16,341) | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |
| Total OPEB liability, beginning | | 2,227,102 | 3,004,363 | 3,120,840 | 2,480,473 | 2,683,056 | 2,699,397 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |
| Total OPEB liability, ending | S | 2,268,599 \$ | 2,227,102 \$ | 3,004,363 \$ | 3,120,840 \$ | 2,480,473 \$ | 2,683,056 \$ | N/A | - | N/A | - | N/A | | N/A |
| | • | | | | | | | |] [| |] I | | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OPEB covered payroll | S | 1,259,729 \$ | 1,163,190 \$ | 1,150,883 \$ | 1,141,538 \$ | 1,110,424 \$ | 1,067,548 \$ | N/A | 8 | N/A | € | N/A | \$ | N/A |
| Net OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll | | 55.53% | 52.23% | 38.31% | 36.58% | 44.77% | 39.79% | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A |



REAL COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVENMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| | V | 20 NDONED EHICLE FUND |] | 18 LOOD PLAIN FUND | | 16 ATERAL ROAD FUND |
|--|----|--------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 4,938 | \$ | 7,269 | \$ | 44,938 |
| Taxes Receivable | | - | | - | | |
| Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit) | | - | | - | | - |
| Receivables (Net) Due from Other Governments | | - | | - | | - |
| Due from Other Funds | | - | | - | | _ |
| Total Assets | \$ | 4,938 | \$ | 7,269 | \$ | 44,938 |
| | | <u> </u> | - | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Accrued Wages Payable | | - | | - | | - |
| Bank Overdraft | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to Other Funds | | - | | - | | - |
| Due to Other Governments | | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | | | | | - | - |
| DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Unavailable Revenue- Property Taxes | - | | | | | - |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE | | | | | | |
| Restricted For: | | | | | | |
| Administration | | - | | - | | - |
| Archives | | - | | - | | - |
| Construction | | - | | - | | - |
| Judicial D. H. G. C. | | 4.020 | | 7.260 | | - |
| Public Safety | | 4,938 | | 7,269 | | 44.020 |
| Public Transportation Community and Economic Development | | - | | - | | 44,938 |
| Unassigned | | - | | - | | - |
| Total Fund Balances | | 4,938 | | 7,269 | | 44,938 |
| Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows | | 7,230 | | 1,207 | | 77,730 |
| and Fund Balances | \$ | 4,938 | \$ | 7,269 | \$ | 44,938 |

| Al | 12 ECORDS RCHIVE FUND | 14 RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND | | 11 SHERIFF FORFITURE FUND | | 21 TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND | | 22 HOTEL OCCUPANCY FUND | | TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | |
|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------|---|-------------------|
| \$ | 76,652 | \$ | 43,027 | \$ | 234 | \$ | 25,279 | \$ | 178,993 | \$ | 381,330 |
| | 230 | | 240 | | - | | - | | - | | 470 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| \$ | 76,882 | \$ | 43,267 | \$ | 234 | \$ | 25,279 | \$ | 178,993 | \$ | 381,800 |
| | - | | | | - | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | <u>-</u> | | - |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | - 76,882 | | 43,267 | | - | | - | | - | | 120,149 |
| | - | | -5,207 | | - | | - | | - | | 120,147 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | 234 | | 25,279 | | - | | 37,720 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 178,993 | | 44,938 178,993 |
| | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | - | _ | - |
| | 76,882 | | 43,267 | | 234 | | 25,279 | | 178,993 | | 381,800 |
| \$ | 76,882 | \$ | 43,267 | \$ | 234 | \$ | 25,279 | \$ | 178,993 | \$ | 381,800 |

REAL COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| DEVENITES | FUND | 18 FLOOD PLAIN FUND | | 16 LATERAL ROAD FUND | |
|--|----------|------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | | |
| Other Taxes | - | - | | | |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | | 9,224 | |
| Licenses & Permits | - | - | | | |
| Charges for services | - | 300 | | | |
| Fines & Forfeitures | - | - | | | |
| Interest | - | - | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | - | | | |
| Total Revenue | | 300 | | 9,22 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | |
| General Administration | - | - | | | |
| Financial Administration | - | - | | | |
| Tax Administration | - | - | | | |
| Facilities Management | - | - | | | |
| Judicial System | - | - | | | |
| Public Safety | - | - | | | |
| Corrections and Rehabilitation | - | - | | | |
| Health and Human Services | - | - | | | |
| Health Care | - | - | | | |
| Public Health | - | - | | | |
| Human Services | - | - | | | |
| Community and Economic Development | - | - | | | |
| Infrastructure and Environmental Services | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | | | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) Revenues Over Expenditures | | 300 | | 9,22 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Operating Transfers In | - | - | | | |
| Operating Transfers Out | - | - | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | <u>-</u> | - | | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balances | - | 300 | | 9,22 | |
| Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 4,938 | 6,969 | | 35,71 | |
| Prior Period Adjustment | - | _ | | • | |
| Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 4,938 | \$ 7,269 | \$ | 44,93 | |

| 12 RECORDS ARCHIVE FUND | | 14 RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND | 11 SHERIFF FORFITURE FUND | 21 TECHNOLOGY FEE FUND | 22 HOTEL OCCUPANCY FUND | TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| | - | - | - | - | 194,126 | 194,126 9,224 | |
| | - - 11,525 | 12,478 | - - 2,914 | - - 1,422 | - - | 300 28,339 | |
| | - | - - | - - | - - | - - | - | |
| | 11,525 | 12,478 | 2,914 | 1,422 | 194,126 | 231,989 | |
| | _ | 8,486 | _ | _ | _ | 8,486 | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | - | - | - 8,974 | - | - | - 8,974 | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | - | - | - | - | - 15 122 | 15 122 | |
| | - | - | - | - | 15,133 | 15,133 | |
| | - | 8,486 | 8,974 | | 15,133 | 32,593 | |
| | 11,525 | 3,992 | (6,060) | 1,422 | 178,993 | 199,396 | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | - | | | | |
| | 11,525 | 3,992 | (6,060) | 1,422 | 178,993 | 199,396 | |
| | 65,357 | 39,275 | 6,294 | 23,857 | - | 182,404 | |
| | - | | | - | - | - | |
| \$ | 76,882 | \$ 43,267 | \$ 234 | \$ 25,279 | \$ 178,993 | \$ 381,800 | |